

MITANOL Dexron II D

Revision date: 19.10.2023

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

MITANOL Dexron II D

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

gear oil

Uses advised against

No information available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: MITANOL GmbH
 Street: Industriestraße 8
 Place: D-49577 Ankum
 Telephone: +49 (0)5462/7470-50
 e-mail: info@mitanol.de
 Internet: www.mitanol.de
 Responsible Department: Produktsicherheit / Product Safety
 sicherheitsdatenblatt@mitanol.de

Telefax: +49 (0)5462/7470-33

1.4. Emergency telephone

number: Gifftinformationszentrum Nord (Göttingen)

+49 (0)551/19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

This mixture is not classified as hazardous in accordance with GB CLP Regulation.

2.2. Label elements

Additional advice on labelling

According to EC directives or the corresponding national regulations the product does not have to be labelled.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Preparation of base oils and additives.

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	GHS Classification			
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified			25 - 50 %
	265-157-1	649-467-00-8	01-2119484627-25	
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			
	methacrylate copolymer			< = 2,5 %
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

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Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
		Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE	
64742-54-7	265-157-1	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	25 - 50 %
		inhalation: LC50 = 5,53 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.
In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

Provide fresh air. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Let water be drunk in little sips (dilution effect).
Do NOT induce vomiting.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.
Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.
- Water spray jet
- Foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).
- Extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
In case of fire may be liberated:
- Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).
- Pyrolysis products, toxic

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use of protective clothing
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.
Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.
Remove from the water surface (e.g. skimming, sucking).

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid formation of oil dust.
Use personal protection equipment.
Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.
Clear spills immediately.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

No special fire protection measures are necessary.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep container tightly closed.
Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Hints on joint storage

No special measures are necessary.

Further information on storage conditions

Note Regulation on facilities for the storage, filling and handling water-polluting substances. ..

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

gear oil

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance	Exposure route	Effect	Value
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2,73 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	5,58 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,97 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	1,19 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,74 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	Value
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	
Secondary poisoning		9,33 mg/kg

Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

8.2. Exposure controls



Protective and hygiene measures

- Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- Wash hands before breaks and after work.
- When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

Eye/face protection

During filling, metering, mixing and sampling must be used:
Wear eye/face protection. EN 166

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.
Recommended glove articles: EN ISO 374
Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)
Thickness of the glove material: 0,4 mm
Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration. Breakthrough time: > 8h
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

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Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	red
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	not determined

Test method

pH-Value: not determined

Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point: not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: not determined

Pour point: -51 °C ISO 3016

Flash point: 218 °C DIN ISO 2592

Flash point: 218 °C DIN ISO 2592

Flammability

Solid/liquid: not applicable

not applicable

Explosive properties

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

Lower explosion limits: 0,6 vol. %

Upper explosion limits: 6,5 vol. %

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: not applicable

Gas: not applicable

Decomposition temperature: not determined

Oxidizing properties

The product is not: oxidising.

Vapour pressure: not determined

Density (at 20 °C): 0,848 g/cm³ DIN 51757

Water solubility: The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is known to be insoluble in water.

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: not determined

Viscosity / kinematic: 37 mm²/s DIN 51562
(at 40 °C)

Relative vapour density: not determined

Evaporation rate: not determined

9.2. Other information

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Solid content:

not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The formation of combustible vapours is possible at temperatures above: Flash point

Reaction with: Oxidising agent, strong

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid: Thermal decomposition

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid:

- Oxidising agent, strong

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products:

- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).
- Pyrolysis products, toxic

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified				
	oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 402
	inhalation (4 h) dust/mist	LC50 5,53 mg/l	Rat		OECD Guideline 403

Irritation and corrosivity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The product contains less than 3% DMSO extract (method IP346). A classification as a carcinogen with R45 is deleted. (Note L)

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

See section: 12.6

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product spreads out on the surface of the water. A small fraction of the constituents will be dissolved. It prevents the solution of oxygen and can cause the death of water organism.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose	[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified					
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 mg/l	> 100	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Study report (1995) OECD Guideline 203
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	>= 1000	14 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010) The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient significant accumulation in organisms is not expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product has not been tested.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number:

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.4. Packing group:

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

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Inland waterways transport (ADN)

- 14.1. UN number:** No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

- 14.1. UN number:** No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

- 14.1. UN number:** No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

National regulatory information

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,15.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%
CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging

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REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals
UN: United Nations
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate
LL50: Lethal loading, 50%
EL50: Effect loading, 50%
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%
ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration
BCF: Bio-concentration factor
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative
RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures)
EmS: Emergency Schedules
MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container
SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern
For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at <http://abbrev.esdscom.eu>

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Further Information

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)